

Linear Integrated Circuits VTU CBCS Question Paper Set 2018



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5EC46

Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2017/Jan.2018

Linear Integrated Circuits

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

- Define following terms with respect to opamp and mention the typical values of opamp 741: (i) PSRR, (ii) CMRR, (iii) Slew rate, (iv) input voltage range and output voltage range. (08 Marks)
 - b. Compare emitter follower with voltage follower.

(04 Marks)

c. A voltage follower using 741 opamp is connected to signal source with resistance of $R_s = 47 \text{ K}\Omega$. Calculate suitable value of resistor R_l and also maximum voltage drop across each resistor and maximum input offset voltage produced by input offset current.

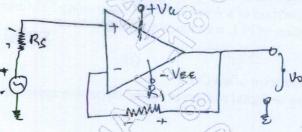


Fig.Q1(c)

(04 Marks)

OR

- Derive output voltage equation of 3 input non inverting summing circuit and show how it 2 can be converted into averaging circuit. (08 Marks)
 - An operational amplifier circuit with closed loop gain is 100 and common mode output voltage is 5 mV and common mode input is 5 mV, determine common mode rejection ratio.
 - Explain the operation of a basic op-amp circuit.

(02 Marks)

(06 Marks)

Module-2

Explain capacitor coupled voltage follower circuit.

(08 Marks)

Design a precision voltage source to provide an output of 9 V the available supply is ±12V allow approximately ±10% tolerance on Zener diode voltage. (08 Marks)

OR

- Design an instrumentation amplifier to have an overall gain of 900. The input signal amplitude of 15 mV, 741 opamp is to be used. Supply is ± 15 V. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain high Zin capacitor coupled non inverting amplifier with design steps.

(08 Marks)

Module-3

Explain precision clipping circuit.

(08 Marks)

b. Explain log amplifier and derive its output voltage equation.

(08 Marks)

OR

Using 741 opamp with supply voltage of ±12V design Schmitt trigger to have trigger points (06 Marks)

Explain sample and hold circuit using of opamp. b.

(10 Marks)

Module-4

Explain second order active low pass filter and also write design equations. (08 Marks) Explain the function diagram of 723 general purpose regulator IC. (08 Marks)

Design a second order active high pass filter using 741 opamp with cutoff frequency of (06 Marks)

b. What is meant by line regulation and load regulator with respect to IC regulators and mention the characteristics of 3 terminal IC voltage regulators. (06 Marks)

c. Design a first order active low pass filter to have cutoff frequency of 1 kHz. Use 741 opamp.

(04 Marks)

Module-5

Explain the operation of a Astable multivibrater using 555 timer. (08 Marks) (08 Marks) Explain operation of PLL with block diagram.

(08 Marks) Explain the operation of a VCO. 10 a. Explain analog to digital conversion using successive approximation method. (08 Marks)

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CBCS Scheme

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Fourth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2017 Linear Integrated Circuits

Time: 3 hrs. Max. Marks: 80

Note: Answer FIVE full questions, choosing one full question from each module.

Module-1

- a. With a neat circuit diagram, explain basic operational amplifier circuit. (06 Marks)
 - b. Define CMRR of an operational amplifier. A741 op-amp is used in a non-inverting amplifier with a voltage gain of 50. Calculate the typical output voltage that would result from a common mode input with a peak level of 100 mV. (05 Marks)
 - Design an averaging circuit to give the average of two inputs which each range from 0.1 V to 1 V. Use 741 op-amp. (05 Marks)

OR

2 a. Sketch the circuit of an op-amp difference amplifier circuit. Discuss the working and common mode nulling capability with necessary circuit modification and equations.

(08 Marks)

b. With a neat circuit diagram, explain direct coupled voltage follower. Also compare voltage follower with emitter follower.

(08 Marks)

Module-2

- a. Draw the circuit of a capacitor coupled non-inverting amplifier and explain with necessary design equations. Design a high input impedance capacitor coupled non-inverting amplifier with a gain of 100 and lower cut off frequency of 100 Hz. Assume the load resistance is 2.2 KΩ and input parasitic capacitance as 15 pF.
 - b. Design a capacitor coupled inverting amplifier for a pass band gain of 100, lower cut off frequency of 120 Hz and upper cutoff frequency to be 5 kHz. Use LF353 BIFET opamp and assume load resistance as 2 KΩ.

OR

- 4 a. Draw the circuit of an instrumentation amplifier and explain. Also show the method of nulling common mode outputs and how de output voltage can be level shifted. (09 Marks)
 - b. Design a non-saturating precision half wave rectifier to produce a 2 V peak output from a 1 MHz sine wave input with a 0.5 V peak value. Use a bipolar op-amp with a supply voltage of ±15V.

 (07 Marks)

Module-3

- 5 a. Sketch the circuit of a symmetrical precision clipper and explain with necessary equations and waveforms. Using bipolar opamp design the circuit to clip a 100 kHz sine wave at ±3V level. (09 Marks)
 - b. Explain the working of Weinbridge oscillator with the help of circuit diagram, waveforms and equations. (07 Marks)

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OR

6 a. Sketch the circuit of fundamental log amplifier and explain its operation. Also derive an expression for its output voltage. Also mention its drawback. (08 Marks)

b. With a neat circuit diagram, explain the operation of inverting Schmitt trigger. Using 741 op-amp with a supply of $\pm 12 \text{ V}$, design an inverting Schmitt trigger circuit to have trigger points of UTP = 0 V and LTP = -1 V. (08 Marks)

Module-4

7 a. Explain the operation of first order low pass filter with neat circuit diagram, frequency response and design steps. Using a 741 opamp, design a first order active low pass filter to have a cutoff frequency of 2 kHz.

(08 Marks)

b. Draw the circuit of a single stage band pass filter and explain the operation with necessary design equations. (08 Marks)

OR

8 a. Draw the standard representation of 78XX series 3-terminal IC regulator and enumerate the characteristics of this type of regulators. Also define the following performance parameters of a voltage regulator. (i) Line regulation (ii) Load regulation (iii) Ripple rejection

(08 Marks)

b. With a neat diagram, explain the operation of low voltage regulator using IC723. Design a voltage regulator circuit using LM723 to obtain $V_0 = 5$ V and $I_0 = 2$ Λ . (08 Marks)

Module-5

9 a. With a neat block schematic, explain the operating principle of PLL. Also define (i) Lock-in range (ii) Capture range and (iii) Pull-in time. (08 Marks)

b. Explain the working of Flash ADC with necessary diagram. An 8 bit ADC outputs all 1's when $V_i = 2.55$ V. Find its (i) resolution in mV/LSB and (ii) digital output when $V_i = 1.28$ V (08 Marks)

OR

10 a. Draw the internal schematic of IC555, configuring it for a stable operation and explain with necessary equations and waveforms. (08 Marks)

b. With necessary circuit diagram and equations, explain R-2R DAC. What output voltage would be produced by a DAC whose output range is 0 to 10 V and whose input binary number is, (i) 1010 (for 4 bit DAC) (ii) 10111100 (for an 8 bit DAC). (08 Marks)

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