

# System Modeling and Simulation VTU CBCS Question Paper Set 2018

VTU CAMPUS APP



Ultimate Guide to Score High In VTU Exams eBook ₹39/-

Guide to Score High in

Download Now

USN																			10CS82
		E	igh	th S	Ser	nes	ter B	.E.	De	gree	Exa	min	atio	<b>)n,</b>	Jun	e/Ju	uly	201	5
			_				em			-							·		
Tim	e: 3	hrs	•														M	ax. N	.\
					N	ote:	Ansu	ver a	iny	FIVE	full i	aues	tion	s. se	lecti	ng		2°.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
							atleas				-	-				8	1	3	
			•							PAR	т — А					·	૾૽ૼ૾૾૾	<del>.</del>	
1	a.	List	any	five	cire	cums	ances	, wh					he an	pror	oriate	tool	and	when	1 it is not.
																2			(10 Marks)
	b.	Exp	lain	the s	step	s in a	a simul	atio	n stu	idy, w	ith the	flow	/ cha	rt	· • • •				(10 Marks)
2	•	Eva	1	4 <b>1</b>	6-11-								*						
2	a.	Exp					g: t list	:::\	Ent		r.	4		÷.					
	h	-					with re			ity single									(04 Marks)
	υ.	i)					ie arriv				: Ullall	iner di	ucue.						
		ii)					ie depa				i.								(06 Marks)
	c.	One									anese	ore f	from	kola	ir to i	its in	dust	ry. Th	nere are two
		load	lers,	to	load	l eac	h truc	k. A	\fter	load	ing, a	truc	k me	oves	to 1	the v	weigl	hing	scale to be
																			the industry
							ader q	ueue	. Th	e dist	ributic	on of	load	ing t	time,	weiį	ghinį	g time	e and travel
		time	e are	as fe	ollo	ws:		· · ·	÷	10					1.1.5	10	-		
							Load	_		: <u>10</u> 12	5	5	10	15	10	10	-		
							Weig Trave			60	12 100	12 40	16 40	12 80	16	<u> </u>	-		
		Den	ict th	ne si	mul	atiôn	the second se					1			<u> </u> utilize	ation	] ∆دد	ume	5 trucks are
							e is at												(10 Marks)
				. (						,		1	1 0		L			-	()
3	a.						lom va					s ran	dom	varia	able	with	exan	nple.	(08 Marks)
	b.						g discr												
		C.	nom		- 11 -					on dist	•								(06 Marks)
	¢. ₹	Exp Ta`LL	iain (	me i md	:OIIC ietri	wing butic	g conti on	nuoi HA E	is di	stribu	lion:	ibuti	~~						(06 Masha)
	Ċ	<b>9</b> 01	mor	ni u	Isui	Dun	<b>J</b> 1	11) L	мро	menua	i uisu	Duci	UII.						(06 Marks)
A	a.	Exp	lain	que	ue b	ehav	vior an	ıd qı	ieue	disci	oline a	and 1	ist a	ueui	ng ne	otatio	on fo	or par	allel server
1.	•	syste		-				•			•		•		C			•	(12 Marks)
() ()	b.						ueue?	Mei	ntior	n the g	eneral	assu	impti	on fo	or a s	stable	e sys	tem v	with infinite
		calli	ng p	opul	latio	m.													(08 Marks)
										PAR	Г – В								
5	a.	Expl	lain (	com	bine	ed lir	near co	ngru											(06 Marks)
	b.	_					form t	-		-			ndom	ı vari	iates	for			
			-				ution												(08 Marks)
I	c.						on vari												
		[Ran	ıdom	nui	mbe	$\mathbf{r}:0$	4357,	0.41	46, (	0.8353	, 0.99	52, 0	.8004	4].					(06 Marks)

Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages. 2. Any even aling of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

•

<sup>\*</sup>(10 Marks)

- 6 a. The sequence of numbers 0.44, 0.81, 0.14, 0.05, 0.93 has been generated. Use the Kolmogonov-Smirnov test with  $\alpha = 0.05$  to determine if the hypothesis that the numbers are uniformly distributed in the interval [0, 1] can be rejected. Compare F(x) and S<sub>N</sub>(x) on a graph. [N = 5, D<sub>0.05</sub> = 0.565]. (10 Marks)
  - b. Explain chi-square goodness of fit test. Apply it to Poisson assumption with  $\alpha = 3.64$ , Data size = 100 and observed frequency  $O_i = 12, 10, 19, 17, 10, 8, 7, 5, 5, 3, 3, 1$   $\left[\chi^2_{0.05}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1\right]$ .
- 7 a. What are pseudo random numbers? What are the problems that occur while generating pseudo random number? (06 Marks)
  - b. Enlist the steps involved in development of a useful model of input data and number of ways to select input models without data. (08 Marks)
  - c. List any 6 suggested estimators for distributions often used in simulation. (06 Marks)
- 8a. Explain with a neat diagram, model building, verification and validation.(10 Marks)b. Explain the iterative process of calibrating a model.(10 Marks)

\* \* \*

High confidents

USN	Г	10CS82
UDIN	L	
		Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2016
		System Modeling and Simulation
Tin	ne: 3	hrs. Max. Marks:100
		Note: Answer FIVE full questions, selecting
		at least TWO questions from each part.
		PART – A
1	a.	With a neat flow chart, explain various steps in a simulation study. (10 Marks)
	b.	Briefly explain the advantages and disadvantages of simulation. (10 Marks)
		Contraction of the second s
2	a.	A computer technical support center is staffed by two people, Able and Baker, who take
		calls and try to answer questions and solve computer problems. The time between calls ranges from 1 to 4 minutes with the distribution as shown in Table 1.1. Able is more
		experienced and can provide service faster than Baker, which means that, when both are
		idle, Able takes the call. The distribution of their service times are shown in Table 1.2 and
		Table 1.3 respectively.
		Table 1.1: Inter arrival time (IAT) distribution
		IAT (mins) 1 2 3 4
		Probability 0.25 0.40 0.20 0.15
		Table 1.2: Service time distribution of Able
		Service time (mins) 2 3 4 5
		Probability 0.30 0.28 0.25 0.17
		Table 1.3: Service time distribution of Baker
		Service time (mins) 3 4 5 6
		Probability 0.35 0.25 0.20 0.2
		Random digits for inter-arrival times are : 26, 98, 90, 26, 42, 74, 80, 68, 22, 48, 34, 45, 24, 34. Random digits for service time are : 95, 21, 51, 92, 89, 38, 13, 61, 50, 49, 39, 53, 88, 01, 81.
		Simulate this system for 10 customers, by finding
		i) Average waiting time for a customer
		ii) Average Inter Arrival time
		iii) Average service time of Able
		iv) Average service time of Baker
		v) Average waiting time of those who wait. (12 Marks)
	b.	Explain the various concepts used in discrete-event simulation with an example. (08 Marks)
2	5	Explain simulation in Java. (06 Marks)
3	d. h	Explain simulation in Java. (06 Marks) A company used 6 trucks to haul manganese from Kolar to industry. There are two loaders,
N	0.	to load each truck. After loading, a truck moves to the weighing scale to be weighed. The
0		queue discipline is FIFO. When it is weighed, a truck travels to the industry and returns to
		the loader queue. The distribution of loading time, weighing time and travel time are as
		follows :
		Loading Time (mins) 10 5 5 10 15 10 10 15
		Weighing Time (mins)         8         12         8         16         12         8
		Travel Time (mins)         30         60         80         40         50         70
		End of simulation is completion of four weighing from the scale. Calculate the total busy
		time of both loaders, scale, average loader and scale utilization. Assume that four trucks are
		at the loaders and Two are at the scale, at time "0". The shopping of simulation is after 10
		iterations. (14 Marks)

(06 Marks)

- 4 a. What is Poisson process? With example explain the properties of Poisson process. (06 Marks)
  b. Explain the characteristics of a queuing system. (08 Marks)
  - c. Explain the various steady state parameters of M/G/1 Queue.

#### PART – B

- 5 a. Use linear congruential method to generate a sequence of 5 random numbers, with given seed 27, increment 43, and constant multiplier 17, modulus 100. (04 Marks)
  - b. The sequence of random numbers 0.54, 0.73, 0.98, 0.11 and 0.68 has been generated. Use K S test with  $\alpha = 0.05$  to determine if the hypothesis that the numbers are uniformly distributed on the interval [0, 1] can be rejected. Take  $D\alpha = 0.565$ . (08 Marks)
  - c. Test whether the  $2^{nd}$ ,  $9^{th}$ ,  $16^{th}$  ...... Numbers in the following sequence are auto correlated by taking  $\alpha = 0.05$ . Take  $Z_{\alpha/2} = 1.96$ . 0.38, 0.48, 0.36, 0.01, 0.54, 0.34, 0.96, 0.06, 0.61, 0.85, 0.48, 0.86, 0.14, 0.86, 0.89, 0.37, 0.49, 0.60, 0.04, 0.83, 0.42, 0.83, 0.37, 0.21, 0.90, 0.89, 0.91, 0.79, 0.77, 0.99, 0.95, 0.27, 0.41, 0.81, 0.96, 0.31, 0.09, 0.06, 0.23, 0.77, 0.73, 0.47, 0.13, 0.55, 0.11, 0.75, 0.36, 0.25, 0.23, 0.72, 0.60, 0.84, 0.70, 0.30, 0.26, 0.38, 0.05, 0.19, 0.73, 0.44. (08 Marks)
- 6 a. Explain acceptance rejection technique for Poisson distribution. Generate 5 Poisson variates with mean  $\alpha = 0.25$ . Random numbers are: 0.073, 0.693, 0.945, 0.739, 0.014, 0.342.
  - b. Test whether the following data follows Poisson distribution using the chi-square test of goodness of fit. With mean  $\alpha = 0.05$ . Take  $\lambda_{0.05.5}^2 = 11.1$  (10 Marks)

Arrivals /period	0	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Frequency	12	10 19	17	10	8	7	5	5	3	3	1

- 7 a. Explain the replication method for steady state simulations. (10 Marks)
  - b. Differentiate between point estimation and interval estimation. (05 Marks)
  - c. Differentiate between terminating and steady state simulations by giving one example each. (05 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain components of verification and validation process. Explain with neat diagram, model building, verification and validation process.
   (12 Marks)
   (12 Marks)
  - b. With neat diagram, explain the iterative process of calibrating a model. (08 Marks)

\* \* \* \* \*

USI	N		10CS82
		Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July System Modeling and Simulation	y 2017
Ti	me:	3 hrs.	Max. Marks:100
		Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.	
-		<u>PART – A</u>	
1	a. b.	What is simulation? List and explain the steps in simulation study. Define the following :	(10 Marks)
	υ.	<ul> <li>(i) System (ii) Entity (iii) Activity (iv) Endogenous event (v (vi) State. Identify them for any one system.</li> </ul>	) Exogenous event (10 Marks)
2	a.	1 ····································	generate the system
		snapshot for the following. Consider a single server queuing system with interarrival and service tim below:	ie details as shown
,		IAT 3 2 6 2 4 5 ST 2 5 5 8 4 5	
	h	Stop simulation when simulation clock reaches 20. Write short notes on :	(14 Marks)
	0.	(i) List processing (ii) Simulation in GPSS.	(06 Marks)
3	a.		
	b.	(i) Binomial distribution (ii) Poisson distribution Explain the following continuous distributions:	(08 Marks)
		<ul><li>(i) Uniform distribution</li><li>(ii) Exponential distribution</li><li>(iii) Triangular distribution</li><li>(iv) Normal distribution</li></ul>	(12 Marks)
: 4	a.		
			(14 Marks)
	b.		(06 Marks)
5	a.	$\underline{PART - B}$ What are pseudo random numbers? What are the problems that occupseudo random numbers? Also list the important considerations durrandom numbers.	
	b.	Briefly explain different techniques for generating random number.	(05 Marks)
	C.	Consider the following sequence of five numbers: 0.44, 0.81, are generated. Use the Kolmogorov-Smirnov test with $\alpha = 0.05$ to t property of random number generated.	0.14, 0.05, 0.93 est the uniformity (05 Marks)
6	a.		
	b. с.	are not available.	rocess even if data (06 Marks) (10 Marks)
			· ····································

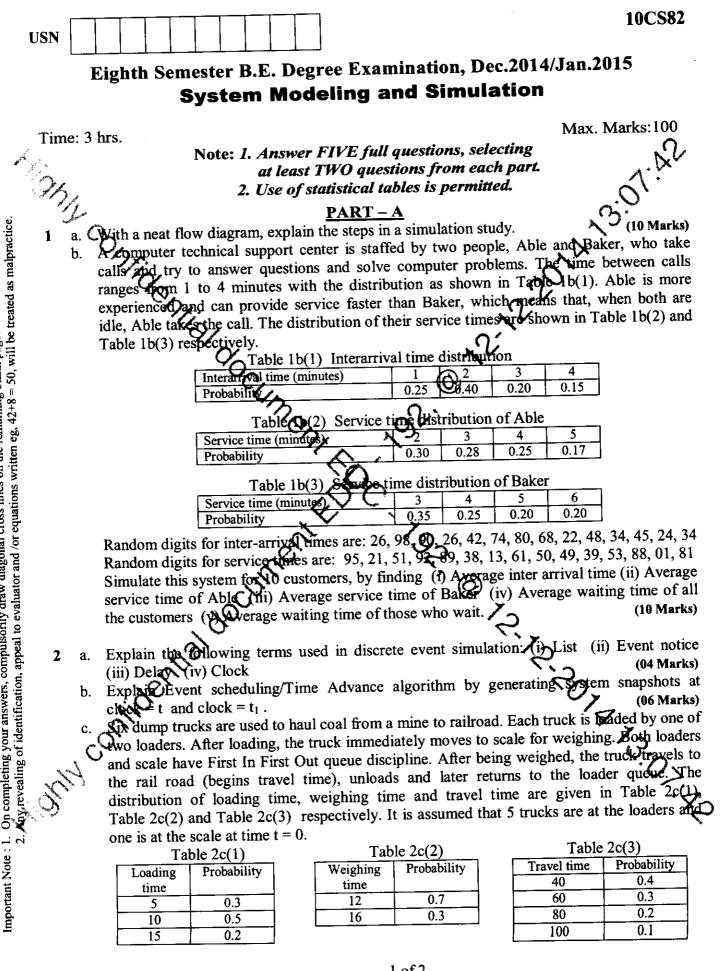
#### 10CS82

7	a.	Discuss output analysis for steady state simulation in detail.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Discuss output analysis for terminating simulation in detail.	(10 Marks)

8 a. With a neat diagram, explain the concept of model building, verification and validation.

(10 Marks) b. Describe the three step approach formulated by Naylor and Finger in the validation process. (10 Marks)

\* \* \* \* \*



Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

(08 Marks)^

(10 Marks)

The activity times are given in Table 2c(4)

,- ·	T	able 2	2c(4)					
Loading time	10	5	5	10	15	10	_10	
Weighing time	12	12	12	16	12	16		
Travel time	60	100	40	40	80			
Traver unio	<u> </u>					1	1	.:12-

Simulate the system for 25 minutes to estimate the loader and scale utilization. (10 Marks)

Define random variable. What are the different types of random variables? Explain with at least one example in each case.

- A production process manufactures computer chips one the average at 2% nonconforming.
- Everyday a random sample of size 50 is taken from the process. If the sample contains more Chan 2 nonconforming chips, the process will be stopped. Compute the probability that the process is stopped by the sampling scheme. Also find the mean and variance Find the mean and variance of exponential distribution. Suppose that the life of an industrial
- lamp, thousands of hours, is exponentially distributed with failure have  $\lambda = 1/3$  (one for every 3000 pours, on the average). Find the probability that the lampfwill last longer than its mean life.

Explain the characteristics of queuing system. Also explain the queuing notation in general. (10 Marks) 4 a. (10 Marks)

- Explain the steady state parameters of M/G/1 queue. b.
- What the problems that occur while generating What are pseudo random numbers? 5 (06 Marks) a. pseudo random numbers?
  - b. Consider the sequence of random numbers 0.12, 0.01, 0.23, 0.28, 0.89, 0.31, 0.04, 0.28, 0.83, 0.93, 0.99, 0.15, 0.33, 0.35, 0.10, 0.41, 0.6, 0.27, 0.75, 0.88, 0.68, 0.49, 0.05, 0.43, 0.95, 0.58, 0.19, 0.36, 0.69, 0.87 Test whether 3<sup>rd</sup>, 8<sup>th</sup>, 13<sup>th</sup> and soon numbers in the above sequence are auto correlated. At significance level  $\alpha = 0.05$ , normal table value is given as 1.96. (06 Marks)
  - Explain inverse transform technique for exponential and uniform distributions. c.
  - (04 Marks) List the steps involved in development of a useful model input data. a.
- Records pertaining to the monthly number of job related injuries at an underground coal 6 mine were being tudied by a federal agency. The values for the past 100 months were as b. follows:

3 Injuries per month 0 35 40 13 6 4 1 1 Frequence of occurrence

Apply the chi-square test to these data to test the hypothesis that the underlying distribution is  $\hat{\mathbf{P}}$  is son. Take  $\alpha = 0.05$ .

Let  $X_1$  represent the average lead time (in months) to deliver and  $X_2$  the annual demand, for industrial robots. The following data are available on demand and lead time for the last ten

years.							60	7 2	45	63
Lead time	6.5	4.3	6.9	6.0	6.9	6.9	5.8	1.3	4.5	0.5
Loud the		02	116	97	112	104	106	109	92	96
Demand	103	05	110	L <u>́</u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 1			

Find the dependency between lead time and demand.

7

- Explain the replication method for steady-state simulations. a.
- (05 Marks) Differentiate between point estimation and interval estimation. b.
- Differentiate between terminating and steady state simulations by giving one example each. (05 Marks) c.
- With a neat flow diagram, explain the concept of model building, verification and validation 8 a. (10 Marks) of simulation models.
  - Describe the three step approach of Naylor and Finger in the validation process. (10 Marks) b.

	10CS82
	Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, Dec.2015/Jan.2016 System Modeling and Simulation
ie: 3	3 hrs. Max. Marks: 100
	Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part. <u>PART – A</u>
	Define simulation. Explain when simulation is an appropriate tool and not an appropriate tool. (12 Marks) Name the entities, attributes, activities, events and state variables for the system shown below:
	i) Library ii) Bank iii) Airport iv) Grocery store. (08 Marks)
a. b.	Explain event scheduling/ time advance algorithm.(10 Marks)Six dump trucks are used to haul coal from entrance of a small mine to the rail road. Each truck is loaded by one of the two loaders. After loading truck immediately moves to the scale to be weighed as soon as possible. Both loaders and scale have FCFS for trucks. Travel time from loader to scale is negligible. After being weighed, a truck begins a travel time and then returns to loader queue. Simulate for clock = 20. Find average loader utilization and average scale utilization. The activity times are given in the following table: Loading Time
	Weighing Time 12 12 12 16 12 16
	Traveling time 60 100 40 40 80 (10 Marks)
a. b.	Find mean and variance of the die tossing experiment. Assume the die is loaded so that the probability that given face land up in proportional to the number of spots showing. (10 Marks) The time to failure of a light bulb is Weibull distributed with $V = 1.8 \times 10^3$ hours. $\beta = 1/2$ and $\alpha = 1/3 \times 10^3$ hours. (i) What fraction of bulbs are expected to last longer than mean lifetime? (ii) What is the median lifetime of a light bulb? (10 Marks)
	a. b. b.

4 Explain the characteristics of queueing system. a. (10 Marks) List the steady state parameters of  $M \mid M \mid 1$  queue. b. (05 Marks) Explain terms used in queueing notation of the form A | B | C | N | K. c. (05 Marks)

#### <u>PART – B</u>

Explain generation of pseudo random numbers with examples. Mention the important 5 a. considerations in selecting a method for generating random numbers. (10 Marks)

or not. A	Assume c	ritical val	ue $\chi^{2}_{0.05,9}$	=16.9				J	
0.34	0.90	0.25	0.89	0.87	0.44	0.12	0.21	0.46	0.67
0.83	0.76	0.79	0.64	0.70	0.81	0.94	0.74	0.22	0.74
0.96	0.99	0.77	0.67	0.56	0.41	0.52	0.73	0.99	0.02
0.47	0.30	0.17	0.82	0.56	0.05	0.45	0.31	0.78	0.05
0.79	0.71	0.23	0.19	0.82	0.93	0.65	0.37	0.39	0.42
0.99	0.17	0.99	0.46	0.05	0.66	0.10	0.42	0.18	0.49
0.37	0.51	0.54	0.01	0.81	0.28	0.69	0.34	0.75	0.49
0.72	0.43	0.56	0.97	0.30	0.94	0.96	0.58	0.73	0.05
0.06	0.39	0.84	0.24	0.40	0.64	0.40	0.19	0.79	0.62
0.18	0.26	0.97	0.88	0.64	0.47	0.60	0.11	0.29	0.78
									(10 Marl

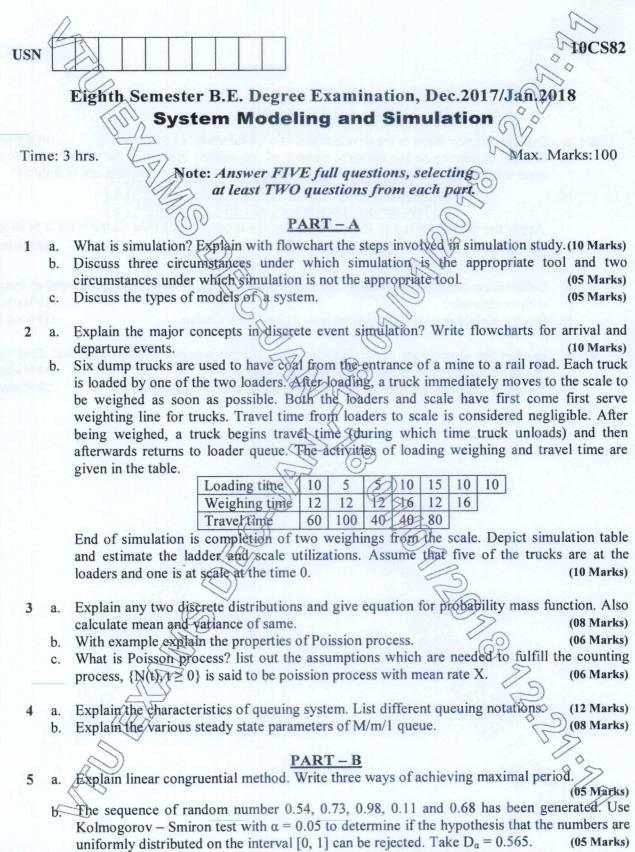
b. Use Chi square test with  $\alpha = 0.05$  to test whether data shown below is uniformly distributed

6 a. Explain the steps involved in the development of a useful model of input data. (10 Marks) b. Explain the different ways of selecting input models when data is not available. (10 Marks)

7	a.	Explain the calibration and validation of models.	(10 Marks)
	b.	Explain the suggestions given for use in verification process.	(10 Marks)

- Write short notes on : 8
  - a. World views
  - b. Network of Queues
  - c. Optimization via Simulation
  - d. List Processing

(20 Marks)



c. What is acceptance rejection technique? Generate three Poission variates with mean  $\alpha = 0.2$ . The random numbers are 0.4357, 0.4146, 0.8353, 0.9952, 0.8004, 0.7945, 0.1530. (10 Marks)

10CS82

(08 Marks)

6 a. Explain different steps in the development of a useful model of input data. (10 Marks)
b. Records pertaining to the monthly number of Job related injuries at an underground coal mine were being studied by federal agency. The values of past 100 months are as follows :

18 or	udied by iederal ageney. I	110 10		or pe		1.12.56	1
14	Injuries/month	0	1	2	3	4 5	6
2	Frequency of occurrence	35	40	13	6	49	1

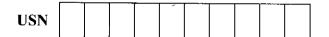
Apply the chi-square test to these data to test the hypothesis that the distribution is poisson with mean 1.0 and  $\alpha = 0.05$  and  $\chi^2_{0.05,3} = 7.81$ . (10 Marks)

7 a. Differentiate between terminating and steady state simulation with respect to output analysis with an example. (10 Marks)
 1 Driefle even bin example. (10 Marks)

- b. Briefly explain measure of performance of simulation system. (10 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain the components of verification and validation process. Explain with neat diagram, model building, verification and validation process. (12 Marks)

69

b. With neat diagram, explain the iterative process of calibrating a model.



**10CS82** 

### Eighth Semester B.E. Degree Examination, June/July 2014 System Modeling and Simulation

Time: 3 hrs.

Max. Marks:100

#### Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting atleast TWO questions from each part.

#### PART – A

- Define system. Explain the components of a system with an example. 1 a. (10 Marks) With a neat flow diagram, explain the steps in simulation study. b. (10 Marks)
- Describe queuing system with respect to arrival and service mechanisms, system capacity, 2 a. queue discipline, flow diagrams of arrival and departure events. (10 Marks)
  - b. A small shop has one check out counter. Customers arrive at this checkout counter at random from 1 to 10 minutes apart. Each possible value of inter-arrival time has the same probability of occurrence equal to 0.10. Service times vary from 1 to 6 minutes with probability shown below:

Service time	1	2	3	4	5	6
Probability	0.05	0.10	0.20	0.030	0.25	0.10

Develop simulation table for 10 customers. Find: i) Average waiting time; ii) Average service time; iii) Average time, customer spends in system.

Take the random digits for arrivals as 91, 72, 15, 94, 30, 92, 75, 23, 30 and for service times are 84, 10, 74, 53, 17, 79, 91, 67, 89, 38 sequentially. (10 Marks)

Explain the event scheduling/time advance algorithm with an example. 3 a. (08 Marks) A company uses 6 trucks to haul manganese are from Kolar to industry. There are two b. loaders, to load each truck. After loading, a truck moves to the weighing scale to be weighed. The queue discipline is FIFO. When it is weighed, a truck travels to the industry and returns to the loader queue. The distribution of loading time, weighing time and travel time are as follows:

Loading time	10	5	5	10	15	10	10
Weigh time	12	12	12	16	12	16	
Travel time	60	100	40	40	80		

Calculate the total busy time of both loaders, the scale, average loader and scale utilization. Assume 5 trucks are at the loader and one is at the scale, at time "0". Stopping event time TE = 64min.(12 Marks)

- 4 Explain the following continuous distributions: a.
  - Uniform distribution i) ii)
    - Exponential distributions.

(10 Marks)

b. Explain the characteristics of queuing system. List the different queuing notations.

1 of 2

(10 Marks)

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice.

#### $\mathbf{PART} - \mathbf{B}$

- 5 a. Explain linear congruential method. Write three ways of achieving maximal period.
  - b. The sequence of random numbers 0.54, 0.73, 0.98, 0.11 and 0.68 has been generated. Use Kolmogorov-Smirnov test with  $\alpha = 0.05$  to determine if the hypothesis that the numbers are uniformly distributed on the interval [0, 1] can be rejected. Take  $D_{\alpha} = 0.565$ . (05 Marks)
  - c. What is acceptance-rejection technique? Generate three Poisson variates with mean  $\alpha = 0.2$ . The random numbers are 0.4357, 0.4146, 0.8353, 0.9952, 0.8004, 0.7945, 0.1530.

(10 Marks)

- 6 a. Explain different steps in the development of a useful model of input data. (10 Marks)
  b. Explain Chi-square goodness of fit test. Apply it to Poisson assumption with alpha = 3.64, Data size = 100. Observed frequency O<sub>i</sub> : 12 10 19 17 10 8 7 5.5 3 3 1. Take level of significance α = 0.05. (10 Marks)
- 7 a. Explain the types of simulation with respect to output analysis. Give examples. (07 Marks)
  b. Briefly explain the confidence-interval estimation method. (07 Marks)
  - c. Explain output analysis for termination simulation. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. Explain with neat diagram, model building verification and validation. (10 Marks)
   b. Explain three step approach for validation process as formulated by Nayler and Finger. (10 Marks)

tu wiarks)

\* \* \* \* \*

2 of 2